# Scientific Laboratory Supplies - Safety Data Sheet

(in accordance with regulation (EU) 2015/830 and regulation (EC) 1272/2008)

Revision: 1.1 Revision date: 16 April 2021
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CHE1858

Section 1. Identification

1.1 Product Identifier CHE1858

Product Name DIMIDIUM BROMIDE/DISULPHINE BLUE SOLUTION 100ml.

CAS Number Mixture

REACH Registration No A registration number is not available as the substance or its uses are exempt, the

annual tonnage does not require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a

later date.

1.2 Relevent identified uses of the substance or mixure & uses advised against

Uses of Material Chemical for industrial and laboratory use. Not suitable for domestic use.

1.3 Supplier Scientific Laboratory Supplies

SCIENTIFIC LABORATORY SUPPLIES

Wilford Industrial Estate

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(Have this document to hand)

# Section 2. Hazards Identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

### Classification according to regulation 1272/2008/EC

Flammable liquid, category 3

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

### 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling according to regulation 1272/2008/EC

Signal word Warning

Hazard Pictograms



Hazard Statements Flammable liquid and vapour.

# **Section 3. Composition**

### 3.2 Mixtures

Component	CAS No.	EEC No.	REACH No.	Conc w/w	CLP Classification (1272/2008/CE)
Ethanol	64-17-5	200-578-6	01-2119457610-43-XXXX	9.5%	Flam. Liq. 2,Eye Irrit. 2
Methanol	67-56-1	200-659-6	01-2119433307-44-XXXX	0.5%	Flam. Liq. 2,Acute Tox. 3 (O),Acute Tox. 3 (D),Acute Tox. 3 (I),STOT SE 1

### Section 4. First Aid

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Irrigate thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eye open. OBTAIN MEDICAL Eyes

ATTENTION.

Skin Wash off skin thoroughly with water. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash before re-use.

Inhalation Remove from exposure. Keep warm and at rest. If there is difficulty in breathing give oxygen if available. If

breathing stops or shows signs of failing, apply artificial resuscitation. If unconscious place in the recovery position. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION URGENTLY.

Ingestion If conscious give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. If there is difficulty in breathing give oxygen

if available. If breathing stops or shows signs of failing, apply artificial resuscitation. If unconscious place in the

recovery position. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION URGENTLY.

Personal protection for first Wear protective gloves / eye protection.

aiders

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute & delayed.

No further relevant information available.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

No further relevant information available.

# Section 5. Fire Fighting

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing Media Water spray, alcohol resistant foam, dry powder or carbon dioxide. Use water spray to keep fire exposed

containers cool.

Unsuitable Media Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards Vapour-air mixtures are explosive.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Advice for firefighters Evacuate area immediately. Keep up wind. Avoid exposure to toxic vapours and fumes. Fire-fighters should wear

protective clothing and breathing apparatus.

# Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Protection Ensure no sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapour. Use approved personal protective equipment. Evacuate area immediately. Do not allow general use of area until it is safe to do so. Beware: vapour is heavier than air and

will tend to accumulate at low spots.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental Keep material out of sewers, storm drains, surface waters and soil. Notify the Environmental Agency and local

Environmental Health Officer if major spillage occurs.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Major Spillage Contain and absorb on inert material. Transfer absorbent to salvage container for removal. Wash area down with

copious amounts of water.

Minor Spillage Contain and absorb on inert material. Transfer absorbent to container for removal. Allow solvent to evaporate in

remote area, then dispose of absorbent as solid chemical waste. Wash area down with copious amounts of water.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See section 8.2 for information on protective equipment and section 13 for information on disposal.

# Section 7. Storage & Handling

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

All transfer systems should be earthed to prevent accumulation of static electricity. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breath vapours. Do not allow to contaminate clothing.

Ensure Local Exhaust Ventilation maintains vapour concentrations below the recommended limits.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Well ventilated, cool, dry storage. Protect from direct sun and store away from sources of ignition. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep well separated from oxidising agents.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2.

# Section 8. Workplace Exposure & Personal Protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Component	CAS No	Concentration	Workplace Exposure Limits				
			Long Term (8hr TWA)		Short Term 15min period)		
Ethanol	64-17-5	9.5%	1000.0 ppm	1920.0 mg/m-3	-	-	
Methanol	67-56-1	0.5%	200.0 ppm	266.0 mg/m-3	250.0 ppm	333.0 mg/m-3	

Exposure data source(s) IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value.

8.2 Exposure controls

maintained chemical cartridge organic vapour respirator, or use self contained breathing apparatus.

Hand Protection Use solvent resistant gloves.

Skin Protection Avoid contact with skin. If skin contact or contamination of clothing is likely, protective clothing must be worn.

Special Hazards No special precautions required.

# Section 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear red to dark red solution.
Odour Fresh and characteristic.

pH Not applicable

Boiling Point 90°C Melting Point -5°C

Flash Point 45°C (Closed cup)

Upper Flammable Limit
Lower Flammable Limit
Auto Ignition

12%
2%
460°C

Explosive Properties Moderate/severe in confined spaces.

Oxidising Properties No.

Vapour Pressure 31.2mmHg @ 20°C

Relative Density 0.9836

Water Solubility Completely miscible in water.

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available.

# Section 10. Stability & Reactivity

**10.1** Reactivity No data available.

**10.2** Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions

**10.3** Possibility of hazardous No data available.

reactions

**10.4** Conditions to Avoid Hot surfaces, naked flames or other sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatable Materials Strong oxidising agents. Nitric acid. Silver nitrate, potassium perchlorate, chromyl chloride, chromium trioxide

and permanganic acid. Peroxides, potassium permanganate, sodium, potassium, platinum, potassium tertiary

butoxide.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition None unusual. Burning will produce smoke, carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.

Products

# Section 11. Toxicological Information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Eyes The liquid will cause conjunctival irritation and corneal damage. High concentrations of vapour may be irritating

to the eyes.

Skin Repeated or prolonged contact may defat the skin producing irritation and dermatitis. Unlikely to be absorbed

across the skin in harmful amounts.

LD50 Skin 20000mg/kg Rabbit

Ingestion Low order of acute toxicity. Ingestion of large amounts will produce central nervous system depression.

Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting muscular incoordination and loss of consciousness. Aspiration during

swallowing or vomiting may injure lungs.

LD50 Oral 21000mg/kg Rat

Inhalation Exposure to vapour concentrations above the occupational exposure limits may produce irritation of the eyes and

respiratory tract. High concentrations of vapour may produce central nervous system depression and

unconsciousness. Symptoms will be similar to those following ingestion.

LD50 Inhalation Not available
TCLo Not available

Carcinogenicity Not considered to be a carcinogen.

Mutagenicity Not considered to be a mutagen.

Reproductive Effects Some evidence for foetoxicity and tetragenecity has been observed in experimental animals treated with high

doses of ethanol during gestation.

Other Information Data given is for 100% Ethanol. Contains methanol. This will not constitute a special problem since ethanol is

preferentially metabolised. Chronic intoxication may however produce damage to the optic nerve.

### Section 12. Ecological

**12.1** Toxicity Ethanol is readily biodegradable after 15 days in non-acclimated fresh water. 75% biodegradability occurs after

20 days in salt water.

LC50 Algal Not available
LC50 Crustacea Not available
LC50 Fish Not available

**12.2** Persistence and

degradability

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No data available.12.4 Mobility in soil No data available.

**12.5** Results of PBT & vPvB

**12.6** Other adverse effects

Assessment not required.

assessment

None known at present.

# **Section 13. Disposal Considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal Methods Dispose of in a licensed incinerator for organic solvents. Do not dispose of as domestic waste. Never dispose of

into water courses or sewerage systems due to high risk of explosion.

Contaminated Packaging Use a licensed waste disposer. Do not attempt to burn any residual liquids due to risk of explosion.

## **Section 14. Transport Information**

**14.1 UN Number** 1170

14.2 Proper Shipping Name Ethanol solution

14.3 Transport classes

UN classification 3
Subsidiary hazard(s) None
Transport category 3
ADR Hazard ID 30
Tunnel Restriction Code D/E
Packing Group III

14.4 Packing Group III

**14.5 Environment hazards** See section 12.

14.6 Special precautions for

No special precautions required.

**14.7 Transport in bulk** Not transported in bulk.

# Section 15. Regulatory Information

 $15.1\ Safety, health\ and\ environment\ regulations\ specific\ for\ subtance/mixture.$ 

Classification, Labeling & Packaging of Substances & Mixtures Regulations (1272/2008/CE)

Classification Flammable liquid, category 3

Signal word Warning

Hazard Pictograms



Hazard Statements H226

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Precautionary Statements P233, P280, P303+P361+P353

Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Assessment not required.

### **Section 16. Other Information**

The information contained in this document only covers the hazards presented by this material, it DOES NOT constitute a workplace risk assessment. See sections 11 for toxicological information and section 12 for ecological information.

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